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全国 2007 年 7 月高等教育自学考试
英语语法试题
课程代码：00831

一、单项选择题(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

Choose the best answers from the choices given and put the letter in the brackets.

1. It remains a question when the new classroom building _____. 【 】
- A. has been completed B. had been completed
C. will be completed D. would be completed
2. We feel it is urgent that his deficiency _____ as early as possible. 【 】
- A. would correct B. would be corrected
C. should correct D. should be corrected
3. A lot of buildings _____ and the place _____ very noisy ever since we moved here. 【 】
- A. have been built; has become B. have been built; became
C. were built; has become D. were built; became
4. If he _____ here, he _____ you. 【 】
- A. was; would help B. were; would have help
C. had been; would help D. had been; would have helped
5. Lisa did not come for the piano lesson yesterday. She _____ have missed the bus. 【 】
- A. would B. might C. should D. ought to
6. There _____ a bad accident here. Look at all the broken glass. 【 】
- A. can be B. must be C. can have been D. must have been

7. A lot of people find modern art very hard _____. []
A. understood B. understanding
C. to understand D. being understood
8. Mr. Brown is said _____ for Italy last week. []
A. to have left B. to leave C. to be leaving D. to have been left
9. Afraid _____, Bill made up his mind not to watch late night movies any more. []
A. to be scolded B. to have been scolded
C. being scolded D. having been scolded
10. He's _____ intelligent than his sister. []
A. much less B. lesser C. much fewer D. not so
11. You are not half _____ you think you are. []
A. as clever like B. as clever as C. as clever than D. the clever than
12. This is the dictionary _____ I borrowed from my friend. []
A. as B. what C. that D. who
13. It was not until I got to the camp _____ I felt happy. []
A. when B. that C. where D. as
14. This is the jacket _____ I bought at a department store last week. []
A. who B. which C. whom D. whose
15. The news may be sad. _____, it is true. []
A. Although B. Though C. Nevertheless D. Notwithstanding
16. As soon as he heard the news, he _____ started out. []
A. immediately B. slowly C. honestly D. frankly
17. Weal and woe _____ been shared by those who fought side by side during the bitter years of war. []
A. had B. has C. have D. are
18. Not only the students but also the teacher herself _____ deeply moved by the story told in class. []
A. were B. was C. is D. are
19. There _____ a tall sculpture, a fountain and lots of non-deciduous trees in the center of the area. []
A. is B. are C. stand D. appears
20. The old _____ usually not interested in such dangerous activities. []
A. is B. will be C. are to be D. are

二、多项选择题 (本大题共8小题, 每小题2分, 共16分)

Fill in the blanks with one of the items given.

21. *the, a, all, none, any*

There aren't _____ interesting films on TV tonight. Let's go to _____ theatre tonight.

22. *each, every, all, the, a*

_____ of us know that she's lost nearly _____ friend she had.

23. *a, the, any, some, all*

_____ tiger is in danger of becoming extinct. We should take _____ measures to protect them.

24. *at, to, on, for, of*

a. He closed the door very quietly, as he was afraid _____ wakening the sleeper.

b. I am quite agreeable _____ their suggestion.

25. *against, into, over, for, on*

a. Crowds of students gathered on campus, protesting _____ such treatment.

b. As there is no sugar left, we have to substitute honey _____ it.

26. *the subject (S), the theme (T), Cs (subject complement), Od (direct object), Co (object complement), Cp (prepositional complement), P (predication), V (verb)*

a. Her husband carried her to hospital.

The underlined part is _____ .

b. Not a single business person can a green hand trust these days.

The underlined part is _____ .

27. *A. passivization B. inversion C. question-answer D. clearing E. generation*

a: Who invented the telephone?

b: Telephone was invented by Graham Bell in 1876.

The grammatical processes involved are _____ and _____ .

28. A. *subject* B. *adjunct* C. *notional object of "with"* D. *proform* E. *anaphor*

The old man is very easy to get along with.

The underlined part is _____ and _____.

三、填空题 (本大题共19小题, 每小题1分, 共19分)

Fill in the blanks with an item as required.

A. With an appropriate unit noun:

29. A _____ of cigarettes.

30. An _____ of furniture.

B. With the adjectives in the brackets in correct order:

31. Last night I met a _____ star. (funny, movie, retired)

C. With a proper form of the given adjective:

32. He has two daughters. The _____ (old) one is a medical student.

D. With a proper form of the given verb:

33. The Dutch _____ (be) famous for their cheeses and butter.

34. Her policies _____ (have) become more liberal over the past few years.

35. The meat on this plate tastes as though it _____ (go) bad already.

E. With an appropriate form of the verb given together with a suitable modal auxiliary:

36. What? You tripped over a chair at the party and dropped your plate of food into the hostess's?

You _____ . (embarrass)

37. You _____ (reheat) the pie. We can eat it cold.

F. With an appropriate preposition:

38. I am sure that there are exceptions _____ a rule of grammar.

39. Mary confided her secret _____ her close friend Jane.

40. Why not cut the bread _____ a kitchen knife?

G. With an appropriate coordinator or subordinator:

41. You won't enjoy your trip in Sydney _____ you pay attention to your driving.

42. You may make a mistake some of the time, _____ not all the time.

43. _____ she is, she makes a lot of trouble.

H. With an appropriate relative pronoun:

44. Mr Johnson, _____ said he would come to the party, did not turn up.

45. There is a great interest in animal-to-human transplants, _____ most scientists believe is the only long-term solution to the organ shortage.

I. With an appropriate conjunct:

46. Only one person was absent, _____, Harry.

47. I'm afraid he has no choice but to do what he is told. _____, he gets sacked.

四、改错题 (本大题共9小题, 每小题1分, 共9分)

Correct the error in each of the following sentences.

48. By 6 o'clock he has mended the puncture and we were ready to start.

49. The burglars were no longer there, but they probably had only just left because a cigarette still burned on the table.

50. Our committee is trying to raise money to buy a lifeboat; by the end of the year we will send out 5,000 letters for contributions.

51. My dog attacked the postman when he put the letters into the letter box.

52. Given the obscure nature of the charge, I feel sure that if I come from a different background, there is every chance that I would have been found guilty.

53. We hadn't got much sleep last night because the people next door were having a noisy party.

54. There will be a special price for anybody who will order a suit in the next two weeks.

55. I have the deepest affection and regret for you since I've known you.

56. I don't like the idea which we play truant.

五、改写句子题 (本大题共12小题, 每小题2分, 共24分)

Rewrite the following sentences as required.

57. Turning the imperative into the tag question form:

Give the students some examples of this.

58. Turning the statement into an exclamation:

He's got a really cute baby brother.

59. Turning the sentence into a negative imperative:
Put the book somewhere in the bookcase.
60. Turning the singular nouns or noun phrases into plural forms wherever possible with other necessary changes:
The passer-by stopped and looked at the child's mother.
61. Using a sentence containing a modal auxiliary:
Grandfather has got into the habit of sitting looking at this view all day long.
62. Combining the two sentences by turning the first one into a nonfinite verb phrase:
It's been decided that a nuclear power station will be built in the suburbs. However, the environmentalists are against the decision.
63. Using the *less...than* comparative construction that expresses the same meaning:
Mary is far more honest than her boss.
64. Combining the two sentences by turning one sentence into a relative clause:
My mother bought a fashionable hat at an expensive shop. It was made in China.
65. Combining the two sentences by turning one sentence into a relative clause:
When she was in Los Angeles, she stayed in the hotel. It was built in the 19th century.
66. Using inversion:
She had hardly entered the room when the phone started to ring.
67. Using whatever cohesive device is appropriate:
My wife was hit by a car. My wife was sent to hospital.
68. Using whatever cohesive device is appropriate:
Check out the weather at your destination. If you do not check out the weather at your destination, things can be very embarrassing.

六、名词解释 (本大题共 4 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 8 分)

Define the following terms with examples.

69. YES-NO questions
70. voice constraints
71. gradable adjectives
72. bare infinitive

七、简答题 (本大题共 2 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 4 分)

Answer the following questions.

73. Why "was" is used instead of "were" after "stars and stripes" in the sentence "The Stars and Stripes was flying from the flagpole"?
74. What is the difference between reference and substitution?