



- A. will be put  
C. would be put
- B. has been put  
D. was put
5. You talk as though it \_\_\_\_\_ a small thing to leave the country for good. ( )  
A. is  
C. will be
- B. was  
D. were
6. The method of painting is known as \_\_\_\_\_ far back as the Song Dynasty. ( )  
A. to be used  
C. to have been using
- B. to have used  
D. to have been used
7. There used to be an old apple tree in the garden, \_\_\_\_\_? ( )  
A. used there  
C. was there
- B. could there  
D. use there
8. The boss demanded that the letter \_\_\_\_\_ typed today. ( )  
A. can be  
C. shall be
- B. should be  
D. must be
9. Aren't you tired? I \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ enough for today. ( )  
A. think; did  
C. would have thought; had done
- B. thought; had done  
D. should have thought; did
10. Let me start with a \_\_\_\_\_ issue before I explain the problem of our major concern. ( )  
A. less  
C. lesser
- B. more  
D. least
11. I went to see my parents \_\_\_\_\_ National Day. ( )  
A. on  
C. in
- B. at  
D. for
12. They are going to visit Sydney \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas. ( )  
A. at  
C. for
- B. in  
D. on
13. While \_\_\_\_\_ for costs \_\_\_\_\_, my solicitor's case quite obviously revolved around the fact that I had a 'brilliant academic record'. ( )  
A. asked; awarded  
C. asked; to be awarded
- B. asking; awarded  
D. asking; to be awarded
14. The mother didn't know who \_\_\_\_\_ for the broken vase. ( )  
A. blames  
C. to blame
- B. blamed  
D. will blame
15. Judging from the latest information, you'd better make up your mind now \_\_\_\_\_ it is too late. ( )  
A. after  
C. when
- B. since  
D. before
16. She was very angry with the person \_\_\_\_\_ called her early in the morning. ( )  
A. which  
C. whom
- B. who  
D. /
17. Thank you very much for the lovely toy \_\_\_\_\_ you sent my son. ( )  
A. where  
C. whom
- B. who  
D. /
18. \_\_\_\_\_, they refused to come to the party. ( )

- A. Strange enough  
C. Happily
19. It is true that John drove \_\_\_\_\_. ( )  
A. frankly  
C. slowly
20. She stood up \_\_\_\_\_ order to see better. ( )  
A. in  
C. at
21. I used to read a lot \_\_\_\_\_ I don't have much time for books now. ( )  
A. although  
C. as
- B. Slowly  
D. Always
- B. all of a sudden  
D. clearly
- B. by  
D. on
- B. since  
D. nevertheless

二、多项选择题(本大题共 8 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 16 分)

Fill in each of the blanks with one of the items given.

22. *is, are, was, were, will be, shall be*  
Except for the eatable that \_\_\_\_\_ allowed into the spot, everything else \_\_\_\_\_ confiscated that day.
23. *is, are, was, were, itself, himself, themselves*  
The family \_\_\_\_\_ enjoying \_\_\_\_\_ immensely at the Spring Festival dinner party.
24. *be, is, was, are, were, will be, shall be*  
a. Three years \_\_\_\_\_ too long a time for the master program.  
b. Three-fourths of the water in the bottle \_\_\_\_\_ expected to leak out within ten minutes.
25. *than, as, more, so, less*  
She speaks French \_\_\_\_\_ well \_\_\_\_\_ the rest of us.
26. *is, are, has, have, having*  
A team which \_\_\_\_\_ full of enthusiasm \_\_\_\_\_ a better chance of winning.
27. *woman, women, has, have, having*  
The number of \_\_\_\_\_ doctors in the hospital \_\_\_\_\_ increased dramatically over the past decade.
28. *than, as, more, most, the*  
\_\_\_\_\_ more money he makes, the \_\_\_\_\_ useless things he buys.
29. *bacteria, optics, nucleus, jeans, measles, cattle*  
a. Singular only: \_\_\_\_\_  
b. Plural only: \_\_\_\_\_

三、填空题(本大题共 16 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 16 分)

Fill in each of the blanks as required.

A. With questions tags:

30. Nobody agreed with you, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
31. Let's go out to dinner, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
32. You had your watch repaired yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
33. Close the door, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B. With a determiner:

34. There is a line of trees on \_\_\_\_\_ side of the river.  
35. "Can you come on Saturday or Sunday?"  
"I'm afraid \_\_\_\_\_ day is possible."  
36. I suddenly realized I'd come out without \_\_\_\_\_ money.

37. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ Browns? They live next to us.

**C. With an appropriate form of the verb or verb phrase given:**

38. They arranged that the demonstration \_\_\_\_\_ (take place) in their new showrooms.

39. Observations \_\_\_\_\_ (make) daily at two hundred weather stations in and around the British Isles, which send in reports every three hours.

40. She couldn't find her way to my apartment, \_\_\_\_\_ (give) the wrong address.

**D. With an appropriate preposition:**

41. The man was accused \_\_\_\_\_ stealing a diamond ring.

42. The woman driver was charged \_\_\_\_\_ speeding.

**E. With an appropriate conjunctive:**

43. Mr Smith graduated from California University in 2001 \_\_\_\_\_ now he is working as a lawyer.

**F. With an appropriate relative pronoun:**

44. He is a very capable manager, \_\_\_\_\_ none of his predecessors was.

45. A few years later Mary returned home as a famous musician, a fact \_\_\_\_\_ came as quite a surprise to her friends.

**四、改错题(本大题共 11 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 11 分)**

**Correct one error in each of the following sentences.**

46. He watched each gesture of her as if she was a stranger.

47. Every person in turn went to see the doctor.

48. On the stand there were newspapers and magazines of any kind.

49. I've just read whole of *Pride and Prejudice*.

50. It is known to all that 70% of the earth are consisted of water.

51. Running into the room, a rug caught her foot and she fell.

52. His two sons look the same age. Which is the older?

53. Why didn't you go with your friends in the trip at Africa?

54. I'm afraid the boy is very rude at his parents.

55. Do you like the idea which we risk cheating in the English exam?

56. The man about which they talked happens to be the new director of their department.

**五、改写句子题(本大题共 13 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 26 分)**

**Rewrite the following sentences as required.**

**A. Turning the following statement into a YES-NO question**

57. He's always telling me that I don't plan for the future.

**B. Using relative pronouns**

58. Jack was born in Brisbane. It is a beautiful city in Australia.

59. John is a very agreeable person. His brother is not an agreeable person at all.

**C. Using an adverbial clause**

60. She wasn't feeling well. As a result she went to lie down on the couch.

**D. Using passive voice**

61. People are not paying enough attention to such kind of illness in this district.

62. All the tourists who want to swim in the beach must observe this rule.

**E. Using a modal auxiliary**

63. To get laid off was the last thing he ever anticipated.

**F. Using nonfinite verb form**

64. I can't imagine that he would ever agree to such a proposition.

65. She ran from the house. This looked as if she were escaping.

**G. Using discontinuity**

66. Excessive drinking is more harmful than expected to anybody.

**H. Using whatever cohesive device is appropriate**

67. If you mark your luggage conspicuously, other passengers will not mistake your luggage with their own luggage.

68. If John wants to marry Susan soon, he shouldn't quarrel with Mary over such a trivial matter.

69. He lost his old bike so he bought a new bike the next day.

**六、名词解释(本大题共 3 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 6 分)**

**Define the following terms with examples.**

70. Non-finite verbs

71. Extraposition

72. Text

**七、简答题(本大题共 2 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 4 分)**

**Answer the following questions.**

73. Illustrate with examples 2 major classes of auxiliaries other than modal auxiliary.

74. What are special features about modal auxiliaries in semantics and in syntax?

