

## 中国十大品牌教育集团 中国十佳网络教育机构

| 自考365 2  | 008年10月, 2009年4月 <b>周上編</b> 号金<br>488年10月, 2009年4月 <b>周上編号金</b><br>488年8日 2008年 2008 | 面招生 数为有页 加入农家  |
|--|--|--|
| 自用指挥   等等等等   整分验证   学位/次数   | 対象な   所収計算   至男院後   300人物   专業   期刊   金佐<br>も中か全   所明試験   報记事件   荷祉党後   度は終巧   自考ら数<br>数 学長代码:   世刊:   始証明:  |  |
| 全国高等教育自学考试<br>学习中心 祖尊の題<br>サンボイヤー 神経に在より<br>ガンボラギョ 神経に在る<br>オンボラギョ 中枢に行る。<br>全国の教育中の中枢の不定<br>は不足の は代とお | 会員的意思では10月2日日旬度を174天<br>第一回地域で1200年4月日から打た式は約<br>を指すた実にのマイドを必要をありを有名が時代立<br>・日本の地位1月1日日旬日日旬日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日  | ○ 724 小野茶種県<br>400 813 5555<br>101 823 35555<br>・成立方案 ・学习展明<br>・改良経確 ・粉末課程<br>・労協権 ・一・年度<br>・実施明・選切して対応学費<br>・発表式折・・<br>解析を影 |
| 日期   夜夜名本   技作   日前   夜夜名本   技作   日前   日前   日前   日前   日前   日前   日前   日                                 | ・  | 用 は 別社の  |
| 以内配常 「現程 」以際<br>以内閣僚: 「  | ○日本日の ○の長名时间/考は打印工会 考ばれな ○の日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本  | 学品も本<br>等・明了自由的後・我認利<br>技夫子・東心収息自用利威<br>の総計1   |

- □ 自考名师全程视频授课,图像、声音、文字同步传输,享受身临其境的教学效果;
- □ 权威专家在线答疑,提交到答疑板的问题在24小时内即可得到满意答复;
- □ 课件自报名之日起可反复观看不限时间、地点、次数,直到当期考试结束后一周关闭;
- □ 付费学员赠送 16 超大容量电子信箱;及时、全面、权威的自考资讯全天 24 小时滚动更新;
- □ 一次性付费满 300 元,即可享受九折优惠;累计实际交费金额 500 元或支付 80 元会员费,可成为银卡会员,购课享受八折优惠;累计实际交费金额 1000 元或支付 200 元会员费,可成为金卡会员,购课享受七折优惠(以上须在同一学员代码下);

**英语/高等数学预备班:** 英语从英文字母发音、国际音标、基本语法、常用词汇、阅读、写作等角度开展教学: 数学针对有仅有高中入学水平的数学基础的同学开设。通过知识点精讲、经典例题详解、在线模拟测验,有针对性而快速的提高考生数学水平。<u>立即报名!</u>基础学习班 依据全新考试教材和大纲,由辅导老师对教材及考试中所涉及的知识进行全面、系统讲解,使考生从整体上把握该学科的体系,准确把握考试的重点、难点、考点所在,为顺利通过考试做好知识上、技巧上的准备。<u>立即报名!</u>

**冲刺串讲班** 结合历年试题特点及命题趋势,规划考试重点内容,讲解答题思路,传授胜战技巧,为考生指出题眼,提供押题参考。配合高质量全真模拟试题,让学员体验实战,准确地把握考试方向、将已掌握的应试知识融会贯通,并做到举一反三。<u>立即报名!</u>

**习题班** 自考 365 网校与北大燕园合作推出,共计 390 门课程,均涵盖该课程全部考点、难点,在线测试系统按照考试难度要求自动组卷、全程在线测试、提交后自动判定成绩。我们相信经过反复练习定能使您迅速提升应试能力,使您考试梦想成真!立即报名!

**论文答辩与毕业申请指导班** 来自主考院校的指导老师全程视频授课,系统阐述申报自考论文的时间、论文的选题、论文的格式及内容、与导师的沟通技巧等,并提供论文范例供学员参考。<u>立即报名!</u>

**自考实验班**:针对高难科目开设,签协议,不及格返还学费。全国限量招生,报名咨询 010-82335555 立即报名!

# 浙江省 2008 年 7 月高等教育自学考试 语言与文化试题

课程代码: 10058

| I. Each of the following incomplete st    | atements is followed by four alternatives. Read each statement and the four     |
|---|---|
| alternatives carefully and decide whi     | ich one of the four alternatives best completes the statement (20%).            |
| 1 refers to a member of the parts         | s of the Christian Church which separated from the Roman Catholic Church during |
| the 16th century.(                        |   |
| A. Protestant                             | B. Rabbi  |
| C. Christian                              | D. Puritan  |
| 2. English babies may be to show          | respect or to honor them. (   |
| A. named after grandparents               | B. named after famous historical events   |
| C. named after their birth place          | D. named after their birth date   |
| 3. The two persons who have been introd   | uced to each other normally say to each other: ""(                              |
| A. How are you                            | B. How is everything  |
| C. How do you do                          | D. Hello  |
| 4. Trinity refers to union in one Godhead | of three persons, Father, Son and( )  |
| A. Puritan                                | B. God  |

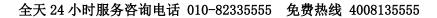


| C. Holy ghost                                    | D. Ghost   |
|--|--|
| 5. In English speaking countries, expensive gr   | ifts will ( )  |
| A. make them uncomfortable for they will no      | t know how to return the kindness  |
| B. make them very happy for they think they      | are highly valued  |
| C. make them very surprised for they will not    | know how to use it   |
| D. make them embarrassed for they know the       | y are not worth of it  |
| 6. "He looked out for a house" is the same in    | meaning with( )  |
| A. he sought a house                             | B. he bought a house   |
| C. having a house is his biggest dream           | D. he built a house  |
| 7. A game played on a sports field between tw    | wo teams of eleven players who each have a curved stick with which they try to |
| put a small hard ball into the other team's g    | goal is called( )  |
| A. polo  | B. hockey  |
| C. golf  | D. rugby   |
| 8. Donkey work conveys the similar meaning       | in Chinese( )  |
| A. to do the hard, boring part of a job          |  |
| B. to do the hard, but pleasant part of a job    |  |
| C. to do the pleasant, comfortable part of a job | b  |
| D. to do the confusing, exciting part of a job   |  |
| 9. Deduction is the process of(                  |  |
| A. persuading someone to do something            | 3 6  |
| B. discovering a general principle from a set of | of facts   |
| C. reaching a conclusion about something bed     | cause of other things that you know to be true.                                |
| D. examining known facts                         |  |
| 10. "to make a face" means in Chines             | se. ( )  |
| A. 化妆  | B. 做一个假面具  |
| C. 做鬼脸   | D. 很愤怒   |
| 11. "A big fish in a small pond" means           | _ in Chinese.( )   |
| A. 小池塘养大鱼  | B. 鸡窝里飞出金凤凰  |
| C. 人小干大事   | D. 鹤立鸡群  |
| 12. "to be very confident and proud" means _     | ( )  |
| A. to hold your head (up) high                   |  |
| B. to ride one's high horse                      |  |
| C. to go about with one's head in the air        |  |
| D. to keep one's mouth clean and nose clear      |  |



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| 13. "Milk and water" means (                       |   |
|--|---|
| A. something drinkable                             | B. something that is inoffensive but feeble                   |
| C. something in complete harmony                   | D. complete understanding between friends                     |
| 14. To keep sb company means(                      |   |
| A. to stay with someone so that they are not alone | e   |
| B. to stay away with someone so that they can be   | alone   |
| C. to watch someone in every detail                |   |
| D. to ask someone to be with you and serve you     |   |
| 15. "A Pandora's box" derived from the box sent    | by the God to Pandora refers to a present or something ( )    |
| A. which brings happiness but looks ugly           |   |
| B. which seems valuable but brings misfortune      |   |
| C. which can create anything its owner wants       |   |
| D. which a bride traditionally gives a bridegroom  | ı   |
| 16. "To pull somebody's leg" means(                |   |
| A. to prevent somebody from advancing              |   |
| B. to make somebody difficult to move              |   |
| C. to make trouble to somebody                     |   |
| D. to say something in a joking way                | , <b>5</b> %.   |
| 17. "I was not informed. Otherwise I should        | have taken some action" demonstrates relation between the two |
| sentences.( )                                      |   |
| A. an additive                                     | B. a temporal   |
| C. a persuasive                                    | D. a causal   |
| 18. The word in American English for "mosqui       | ito-net" is ( )   |
| A. drapery   | B. bar  |
| C. bedspread                                       | D. quilt  |
| 19. "A green Christmas" refers to (                | )   |
| A. a Christmas with vigor and energy               |   |
| B. a Christmas full of jealousy                    |   |
| C. a Christmas without snow                        |   |
| D. a Christmas with fruit and vegetables           |   |
| 20. The word in British English for "Faculty" is _ | ( )   |
| A. department                                      | B. stuff  |





C. staff D. teachers

| alternatives carefully and decide which          | alternative can complete the statement. (10%)                        |
|--|--|
| 1. The word in British English for "story" i     | s ( )  |
| A. storey  | B. floor   |
| C. stairs  | D. storage   |
| 2. The word in British English for "tire" is     | ( )  |
| A. wheel   | B. bore  |
| C. fatigue                                       | D. tyre  |
| 3. In American English "Santa Claus" is a loan   | word from ( )  |
| A. Indian languages                              | B. Dutch   |
| C. French  | D. German  |
| 4. It is quite common for students in English cu | alture to call their professor (                                     |
| A. Robert  | B. Harrison  |
| C. Robert Harrison                               | D. Professor Robert  |
| 5. Many technical terms such as quantum, and     | tenna, formula, nucleons, datum and molecules are all derived from   |
| ( )  |  |
| A. French  | B. Greek   |
| C. Latin   | D. Roman   |
| 6. To make unconscious is(                       |  |
| A. "to knock off"                                | B. "to knock up"   |
| C. "to knock about"                              | D. "to knock out"  |
| 7. "Crossing one's forefinger and middle finger  | "signifies in English speaking counties.( )                          |
| A. sadness                                       | B. respects  |
| C. good luck                                     | D. secrecy   |
| 8. Handshaking between two persons who hav       | e been newly introduced to each other is a touch in both English and |
| Chinese culture. ( )                             |  |
| A. socio-polite                                  | B. friendship  |
| C. functional-professional                       | D. love-intimacy   |
| 9. Money given at Christmas time to the dust     | men and others who provide a service throughout the year is called   |
| ( )  |  |
| A. Christmastide                                 | B. Christmas gift  |
| C. Christmas box                                 | D. Christmas money   |
|  |  |

II. Each of the following incomplete statements is followed by four alternatives. Read each statement and the four



| 10 seem queer, strange, socia           | lly unacceptable.( )   |
|---|--|
| A. Queers                               | B. technicians   |
| C. professionals                        | D. staff   |
| III. Each of the following statement    | s has an underlined space. Fill in each underlined space with a proper expression      |
| (12%).                                  |  |
| 1. The word in 汉语 for greenhouse        | is   |
| 2. Pork, mutton and beef are loan wor   | ds from  |
| 3. The word in American English for     | "jumper' is  |
| 4. The English equivalent for "跑表       | " is   |
| 5. A sweet dish typically composed      | of fruit and flour and fat, boiled or steamed, or of fruit baked with pastry is called |
| <del>.</del>                            |  |
| 6. Staring, or gazing, in Chinese cultu | re, shows one's curiosity while in English culture, is considered impolite and         |
| 7. When answering questions, Chinese    | e speakers are strongly affected by the, the way in which the question is formed       |
| while English speakers, supported       | , are not.   |
| 8. English is a language and C          | Chinese is a language.   |
| 9 refers to an area within a to         | wn where there are brothels.   |
| 10. One can tell from the sentence "Sl  | ne is working at her own level" that she is a student.                                 |
| 11 can be a euphemism for a             | gardener.  |
| 12 is a euphemism instead of            | Tax increase.  |
| IV. Answer the following questions      | briefly. (12%)   |
| 1. What is Orthodox Eastern Church?     |  |
| 2. What is War of independence?         |  |
| 3. Does "equalitarianism" convey the    | same meaning as "平均主义"?  |
| 4. What are the differences between     | "spiritual" and "精神" in relation to their connotative meaning?                         |
| 5. What does "他没有文化" mean               | n?   |
| 6. What is the "First Lady"?            |  |
| 7. What is the difference between a     | "drugstore" and a "药店"?  |
| 8. Does "Good-bye" convey the sa        | ame meaning as "再见"?   |
| 9. What is the general rule for introdu | ction in English culture?  |
| 10. What does "a Solomon" allude to     |  |
| 11. What does "a Damocles sword" st     | and for?   |
| 12. What does "a Trojan horse" allude   | e to?  |
| V. Translation (16%)                    |  |



- A: Translate the following into Chinese (8%)
- 1. To have a chip on one's shoulder.
- 2. By the skin of your teeth.
- 3. Wine makes all creatures at table.
- 4. The more women look in their glass, the less they look to their house.
- B: Translate the following into English (8%)
- 5. 白马王子
- 6. 天之骄子
- 7. 禁果
- 8. 智者千虑,必有一失

## VI. Define the following terms (10%)

- 1. idioms
- 2. allusion
- 3. individualism
- 4. terms of humility

#### VII. Answer the following questions. (20%)

- 1. Explain the reasons that there are more honorifies in Chinese than in English.
- 2. What can you find cross-culture differences in terms of humility between English and Chinese?