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全国 2008 年 10 月高等教育自学考试

英语 (二) 试卷



2008年10月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

英语(二) 试卷

本试卷分为两部分,满分100分;考试时间为150分钟。

第一部分为选择题。考生必须在"答题卡"上按要求填涂。

第二部分为非选择题。考生必须将答案写在答题纸上。未按规定答题者不得分。

PART ONE (50 POINTS)

| I. Vocabulary and Structure (10 points 从下列各句四个选项中选出一个最佳答案 | |
|--|---|
| 1. He was specifically asked to write | a play that would be to the |
| local community. | MALHARA |
| A. flexible | B. accessible |
| C. responsible | D. capable |
| It is strongly held that new of the immigrants. | must be introduced to protect the right |
| A. statistics | B. constructions |
| C. measures | D. concessions |
| Country life is better than city life environment. | it offers fresh air and noiseless |
| A. in that | B. as that |
| C. as for | D. in which |
| Opposition leaders will be watching the crisis. | g carefully to see how the Prime Minister |
| A. handles | B. conducts |
| C. observes | D. directs |

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| It took a few seconds for her eyes to | to the darkness. |
|--|---|
| A. allocate | B. adopt |
| C. apply | D. adjust |
| To write up his novel, John is look outside distraction. | ing for an environment free |
| A. on B. with | C. from D. in |
| 7. Johnson was unknown be | h 7 |
| A. visibly | B. visually |
| C. vertically | D. virtually |
| 8. The volunteers would rather go by tra | |
| A. to drive | B. drive |
| C. driven | D. to be driven |
| 9. Never before so rapidly d | eveloping as it is today. |
| 3,5 "30A. | B. has been our country |
| C. our country has been | D. our country been has |
| 10. Police are the disappearar | ice of two children. |
| A. looking up | B. looking through |
| C. looking into | D. looking on |
| 考 365.com | 考 365 com |
| II. Cloze Test (10 points, 1 point for ea | |
| 下列短文中有十个空白,每个空白有四 并在答题卡上将相应的字母涂黑。 | 个选项。根据上下文要求选出最佳答案, |
| When I was a child. I lived with my | mother, my father having been away to |
| work in the town. I was then not11 | |
| 12 for things which I knew little a | |
| along the mountain tops13 _ my hon | ne stood. The sun had not yet risen, and |
| the air 14 rain of the night and the r drops of water. As I looked back, I could | see the marks my feet16 on the |
| long grassy slope behind me. I walked stream ran into the deep valley below. I | lere it passed between soft,18 |
| banks; at one place a large slice of earth | eliti Turk, DAN - |
| other side, and it had made a little island round it. It was covered with a weed with | |
| I sat down on the bank <u>20</u> a short pin dark with the heavy raindrops of the night | e tree. All the plants on the island were |



| 11. | A. | yet | B. | however | C. | but | D. | nevertheless |
|-----|----|---------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|------------------|
| 12. | A. | sending | B. | longing | C. | standing | D. | making |
| 13. | A. | in which | В. | at which | C. | from which | D. | on which |
| 14. | A. | melt | B. | felt | C. | smelt | D. | sensed |
| 15. | A. | for | В. | with with | C. | on | D. | upon |
| 16. | A. | have made | B. | has made | c. | had made | D. | having made |
| 17. | A. | where | B. | that | c. | which | D. | what |
| 18. | A. | worldly | B. | hardening | c. | worthy | D. | earthen |
| 19. | A. | drifting | В. | flowing | C. | blowing | D. | floating |
| 20. | A. | at the top of | B. | on the part of | C. | at the foot of | D. | on the ground of |

III. Reading Comprehension (30 points, 2 points for each item)

从下列每篇短文的问题后所给的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案,并在答题卡上 将相应的字母涂黑。

Passage One

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage.

Many people think New York is a noisy city. In fact, scientists who study noise say that the average noise level in New York is 72.5 decibels. This is a little louder than normal conversation, which is 65 decibels. The noise level is the result of so many people and cars in the same area.

Now even the insides of taxis are noisy. When you get into a taxi, you hear the voice of a well-known singer, sports reporter, or Broadway actress giving instructions. That's right. The voice of a famous person tells you what to do. One popular singer gives this message: "Cats have nine lives, but you have only one, so fasten your seat belt!" Other voices say things such as "Don't forget to collect all your belongings." (People often leave hats, umbrellas, and bags in taxis.)

There is a good reason for the messages. There are more than 12,000 cabs in New York, and every year taxis get into more than 15,000 accidents. In an accident, people who don't wear seat belts hit the partition, the glass wall separating the driver and passengers in the taxi. They can hurt their foreheads or break their noses or chins. Every year, about 11,000 people are injured in this way.

Many people are annoyed by the voices. Cabdrivers in particular dislike the messages. "I play the messages 12 hours a day. I hear the same voices 60 times a



day. It makes me crazy," says Amir, a 45-year-old cabdriver. "But if I don't play the messages, I get fined \$100." A lot of passengers complain, too. "It's too much noise," says a passenger. "I asked the driver to turn off the message, but he said he can't."

Other people think the voices are a great idea. One taxi driver says, "People like to hear the famous voices, and they put on their seat belts more often." And passengers from out of town really like the idea. "Most of the time, taxi drivers are in a bad mood," says Melanie Benton, who visits New York often on business, "It's nice to hear a cheerful voice when you get into a cab."

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| 21. | The sentence "Cats have nine lives, but you have only one" implies that |
|-------|--|
| | A. human beings have only one life |
| 76 | B. cats live longer than human beings |
| 10365 | C. cats will have new lives after they die |
| 2- | D. human beings should value their lives |
| 22. | People who are most likely to be injured in a taxi accident are |
| | A. those who wear seat belts B. those who like messages |
| | C. those who do not wear seat belts D. those who dislike messages |
| 23. | It can be inferred from the passage that a taxi driver hears the same voices |
| 10300 | every day. |
| | A. about 5 times an hour B. about 6 times an hour |
| | C. about 50 times an hour D. about 60 times an hour |
| 24. | The cabdrivers play the messages again and again because |
| 76 | A. they are willing to do so |
| 10365 | B. they do not want to pay a fine |
| | C. the passengers ask them to do so |
| | D. the voice of the messages is cheerful |
| 25. | The author of this passage seems to believe that |
| | A. New York is the noisiest city in the U.S. |
| 36 | B. messages played by taxi drivers are useless |
| 10303 | A 1020* |
| | C. messages in taxis should be voiced by famous people |
| | D. voices from taxis partly caused the high noise level of New York |



Passage Two

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage.

Some people might think that Father's Day was established as a holiday to help greeting card companies sell more cards. However, when Father's Day was first suggested in the early 1900s, Father's Day cards hadn't been invented yet.

The idea of celebrating Father's Day was actually inspired by Mother's Day. In 1909, Mother's Day was just becoming very popular in the United States. One day, Sonora Dodd, of Spokane, Washington, was listening to a church talk about setting aside a day to honor one's mother. It gave her the idea to propose a day to honor fathers, and in particular, her own father – William Jackson Smart.

Mr. Smart had raised Sonora and her five brothers and sisters all by himself after Sonora's mother died in childbirth. As an adult, Sonora realized the selflessness her father had shown in raising his children as a single parent. Her father made all the parental sacrifices. In the daughter's eyes, her father was a courageous, selfless, and loving man.

Mrs. Dodd went to her minister and others about having a church service devoted to fathers on June 5, her father's birthday. That date was too soon for her minister to prepare a service, so he spoke two weeks later on June 19. It took about a year of working with politicians, religious leaders, businessmen and the local Young Men's Christian Association to bring life to her idea of an annual Father's Day. Eventually all her hard work paid off. On June 19, 1910, the first Father's Day was celebrated in Spokane, Washington.

In 1972 President Richard Nixon established a permanent national celebration of Father's Day to be held on the third Sunday in June. Since then, fathers have been honored and recognized by their families throughout the U.S. on that date.

Father's Day has become a day to not only honor your father, but all men who act as a father figure. Stepfathers, uncles, grandfathers, and adult male friends are all honored on Father's Day. It's also another day for greeting card companies and shop owners to celebrate because sales of the most popular gifts for Dad (shirts, ties, and electric shavers) increase considerably.

- 26. The passage mainly tells about _____
- A. Mrs. Dodd's love for her father
 - B. the origin and establishment of Father's Day
 - C. the importance of honoring fathers in the U.S.
 - D. Mrs. Dodd's contribution to the government decision



| 27. | Mrs. Dodd loved her father because he |
|-------|---|
| 朔 | A. had a large family B. was a single parent |
| N.ZJK | C. was a respected minister D. was courageous, selfless and loving |
| 28. | In the United States, the first Father's Day was celebrated nationwide in |
| | |
| | A. 1972 B. 1910 C. 1909 D. 1900 |
| 29. | The author of the passage seems to believe that |
| 25 C | A. stepfathers should not be honored on Father's Day |
| Minn | B. Father's Day has nothing to do with Mother's Day |
| | C. Father's Day started with Mrs. Dodd's love for her father |
| | D. card companies should not make money on Father's Day cards |
| 30. | Greeting card companies welcome Father's Day because |
| 隽 | A. their sale increases |
| N.ZIK | B. it is a national holiday |
| | C. adult male friends are also honored |
| | D. they can sell ties, shirts and electric shavers |
| | |

Passage Three

Questions 31 to 35 are based on the following passage.

This green and blue planet spinning in space is under severe stress. If we continue to exploit the planet at the present rate, human and animal life will be threatened. Human pride will be followed by nature's punishment. To save our earth and ourselves, we need first develop an unbiased understanding of ourselves, nature and life.

Everyone understands the meaning of the sentence "Man should respect animal life and nature". But the exact meaning of man, nature and animal life is not always clear. Many refer to man and animals as if they were essentially different. I consider man to be an animal and only differing in degree and not in kind from other animals. Although I discuss in conventional terms human rights and animal rights as if they were separate, strictly speaking, human rights should be considered a branch of animal rights.

The word "nature" is one of the most complex words in the language, but it has developed three main areas of meaning. These are, first, the essential quality and character of something (as in human nature, or the nature of wood); second, the inherent force which influences the world (as in Mother Nature); third, the



entire world itself. The last can be taken to include or to exclude human beings, as the phrase man and the natural world implies.

I consider humans to be an integral part of nature, although they are also the beings most capable of interfering with its processes. Unfortunately a central drive of Western "man" has been to conquer "nature", as if it were an object separate from him. Hence it has become common to distinguish between what is natural (existing without man's interference) and artificial (man-made). In this way, natural growth is opposed to education, civilization to the natural state. For many urban people living permanently among concrete and glass, nature itself has come to mean little more than the countryside. And this notion of opposition is where the seed of potential destruction lies.

| 31. | The word "unbiased" in Line 4 of Para. 1 means | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| | A. unbalanced | B. fair | | |
| | C. partial | D. unreasonable | | |
| 32. | As for the relationship between | man and animals, the author holds that | | |
| a | 75,0365.00 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | |
| MM | A. man is a kind of animals | WANN STATE | | |
| | B. man is superior to animals | | | |
| | C. man is the same as animals | | | |
| | D. man and animals are essentiall | y different from each other | | |
| 33. | The word "they" in Line 6 of Para. | 2 refers to | | |
| 15 | A. human rights | B. animal rights | | |
| E WO | C. human beings and animals | D. human rights and animal rights | | |
| 34. | In the author's opinion, the word " | nature" indicates | | |
| | A. a particular kind of thing | | | |
| | B. the inherent force which influences the world | | | |
| | C. the entire world itself including | g human beings | | |
| a | D. the essential quality and charac | cter of something | | |
| 35. | The very last sentence of the passa | ge implies that | | |
| | A. urbanization violates the peace of the countryside | | | |
| | B. the people in the cities cannot enjoy the nature's beauty | | | |
| | C. man cannot destroy nature, as | they are different from each other | | |
| | D. if man goes against nature, the | world will probably be destroyed | | |



2008年10月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

英语(二) 试卷

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PART TWO (50 POINTS)

| 3 IV. | word Spelling (10 points, 1 point) | for two items) |
|--------------------|---|---|
| K30365- | 将下列汉语单词译成英语。每个单词的整的单词写在答题纸上。 | 词类、首字母及字母数目均已给出。请将完 |
| 36. | 使活动,使起作用 vt. a | 37. 令人厌烦的 a.b |
| 38. | 总结,概述 v.s | 39. 争论, 辩论 n.d |
| 40. | 相反的 a.c | 41. 网络: 网状物 n.n |
| 42. | 明显的 a.e | 43. 凋谢, 枯萎, 退色 vi.f |
| 44. | 种族的 a. r | 45. 和谐; 协调 n.h |
| 46. | 满意,满足 n.s | 47. 身份; 同一 n.i |
| 48. | 解释,下定义 vt. d | 49. 面试, 口试, 采访 w.i |
| 50. | 社会学 n.s | 51. 谦虚的; 适中的 a.m |
| 52. | 旅行, 行程 n.j | 53. 拥有者 n.o |
| 54. | 描绘, 描写, 描述 wt. p | 55. 拥有, 具有 wt. p |
| V. | Word Form (10 points, 1 point for 将括号中的各词变为适当的形式填入5 | |
| 56. | Their new advertising campaign has | been very (success). |
| _{K30} 57. | For the (secure) of pa | ssengers, all hand baggage is carefully |
| 58. | The (resolve) calling for | 할을 수가 하는 사람이 하는 것이 없는 사람이 가는 사람이 되는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는 없는 것이었다면 없었다면 없는 것이었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없었다면 없 |



| 59. | Untrained and nervous, she is nevertheless (pride) and determined. |
|---------|--|
| 60. | It is best to write about things you have experienced (person). |
| 61. | The government is planning to (simple) the tax laws. |
| MANAGE. | We regard cheating in exams as totally (acceptable). |
| 63. | Studies show that if workers have short but frequent breaks they will become more (product). |
| 64. | The minister was under great (press) to resign. |
| 65. | This is an (exception) case; I've never seen anything like it before. |
| VI. | Translation from Chinese into English (15 points, 3 points for each item) 将下列各句译成英语并将答案写在答题纸上。 |
| 66. | 由于发生了强烈地震,这个地区的交通中断了。 |
| | 这就是我们去年开会的地方。 |
| 68. | 我如果不是在忙着找工作,也许就来看望你了。 |
| 69. | 为了通过英语考试,他不得不熬夜复习。 |
| 70. | 只有这样你才能找到一份高薪水的工作。 |

Ⅶ. Translation from English into Chinese (15 points) 将下列短文译成汉语并将答案写在答题纸上。

Many people think an only child is lucky because of the material goods and attention he or she receives. But only children have their problems, too. For one thing, they have no privacy. Parents always feel entitled to know everything that's going on in an only child's life. Also, only children never have the opportunity to put the blame on a brother or sister for something they've done wrong. Third, only children miss the companionship of brothers and sisters. They can be lonely, and they may have trouble making friends later in life because they have never learned to get along with a brother or sister.