

### 中国十大品牌教育集团 中国十佳网络教育机构

☑ 上市公司 实力雄厚 品牌保	证			权威师资阵容	强大教学国	团队	
☑ 历次学员极高考试通过率 辅导效果有保证			☑ 辅导紧跟命题 考点一网打尽				
☑ 辅导名师亲自编写习题与模拟试题 直击考试精髓			☑ 专家 24 小时在线答疑 疑难问题迎刃而解				
☑ 资讯、辅导、资料、答疑 全程一站式服务			☑ 随报随学 反复听课 足不出户尽享优质服务				
<b>开设班次:</b> (请点击相应班次查看班次介绍)							
基础班 串讲班	情品班 套餐班	<u>实验</u>	班	习题班	高等数学	预备班	英语零起点班
网校推荐课程:							
思想道德修养与法律基础	马克思主义基本原理概论		<u>大学语文</u>		中国近现代史纲要		
经济法概论(财经类)	英语 (一)		<u>英语(二)</u>		线性代数	数(经管类)	
高等数学(工专)	高等数学(一)		<u>线性代数</u>		政治经济	齐学(财经类)	
概率论与数理统计(经管	<u> </u>		毛泽东思想、邓小平理论和"三个代表"重要思想概论				
类)_							
更多辅导专业及课程>> 课程试听>> 我要报名>>							

# 浙江省 2012 年 7 月高等教育自学考试

## 语言与文化试题 课程代码: 10058

I. Each of the following incomplete statements is followed by four alternatives. Read each statement and the four alternatives carefully and decide which of the four alternatives best completes the statement. (20%)

	-
1. Culture is a phenomenon because	it is a cooperative product of human societies. (
A. technical	B. social
C. national	D. human
2. The proper response to "You look very nic	e in this dress" is (
A. "Thank you."	B. "No, you look better."
C. "Where, where."	D. "No, no."
3. The proverb "The more women look in	their glass, the less they look to their house" is probably related to
( )	
A. sexism	B. wine
C. individualism	D. Christianity
4. In English speaking countries, the seat in a	car at the side of the driver is reserved for (
A. his wife	B. his parent
C. his child	D. his friend



5. The English-speaking people may use the	word "bears" to refer to the following people EXCEPT (
A. people who are rude or hot-tempered	
B. people with high intelligence	
C. people with remarkable power of endurance	ee
D. who are clumsy	
6. Decide which of the following words conta	ains an inflectional morpheme. (
A. unable	B. students
C. generally	D. encouragement
7. In American English, the equivalent word	for "电梯" is ( )
A. lift	B. ladder
C. elevator	D. step
8. A meddlesome person who pries into other	rs' affairs is called a ( )
A. busman	B. ladies' man
C. do-gooder	D. busybody
9. English is often said to be grammatically	because English uses frequently inflectional morphemes to indicate the
grammatical relations between linguistic elen	nents. ( )
A. paratactic	B. hypotactic
C. explicit	D. implicit
10. If you are looking forward to something,	you ( )
A. are afraid of it	B. make some progress
C. deal with it	D. expect it to happen
11. "Sanitary engineers" is an euphemism, re	ferring to (
A. dustmen	B. medical workers
C. plumber	D. electricians working in a hospital
12. Which of the following names is associated	ed with plant or flower? ( )
A. Camellia	B. Angela
C. Brenda	D. Benjamin
13. The medium of nonverbal interaction is n	nainly what is commonly called (
A. language	B. facial expressions
C. nonverbal communication systems	D. distance held between interlocutors
14. Which of the following statements is NO	Γ correct? ( )
A. Honourifics are language forms used in sp	eeches to show respect to a superior.
B. There are less honourifics in Chinese than	in English.



C. Chinese learners of English need to delibe	rately forget honourifies when speaking English.
D. Chinese honourifics often do not have equ	ivalents in English.
15. Punctuality means to Americans a	and Englishmen. (
A. to be on time if not a little before	
B. that being a couple of minutes late is desir-	able
C. to be half an hour earlier	
D. to be half an hour late	
16. "It's important how you package your ide	eas" illustrates the metaphor that ( )
A. ideas are food	B. ideas are plants
C. ideas are products	D. ideas are commodities
17. "他住在美国马萨诸塞州剑桥神德街 2	号"can be translated into ( )
A. He lives at Divinity Avenue 2, Cambridge	, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
B. He lives at Divinity Avenue 2 in Cambridg	ge of Massachusetts, U.S.A.
C. He lives at 2 Divinity Avenue, Cambridge	, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
D. He lives in U.S.A., Massachusetts, Cambr	idge, 2 Divinity Avenue.
18. Chinese news reports are usually presente	ed in a(n) ( )
A. light tone	B. serious tone
C. humorous way	D. informal way
19. Connotative meaning, social meaning, a	affective meaning, reflected meaning and collocative meaning can be brough
together under the heading meaning.	
A. thematic	B. associative
C. peripheral	D. conceptual
20. Which is the correct order of the five feat	ures of oral English according to their formality? (
A. Frozen, Formal, Consultative, Casual, Inti	mate
B. Frozen, Consultative, Formal, Casual, Intin	mate
C. Formal, Frozen, Consultative, Casual, Intin	mate
D. Frozen, Formal, Casual, Consultative, Inti-	mate
II. Each of the following incomplete state	ments is followed by four alternatives. Read each statement and the four
alternatives carefully and decide which a	alternatives can complete the statement. There might be more than one
correct answer. (10%)	
21. In English culture "purple" is often associ	iated with ( )
A. high rank or station	B. imperial or regal rank
C. power in particular	D. royal or very noble rank



22. Social meaning is what a piece of langu	age conveys about the social circumstances of its use. The social circumstance of
language use may include at least (	)
A. language forms	B. language users
C. settings	D. topics
23. In English speaking countries, c	an be advertised. (
A. sexual services	B. domestic services
C. medicines	D. cigarettes
24 demonstrates a causal relation b	etween the two sentences. ( )
A. I was not informed. Otherwise I should h	ave taken some action.
B. He showed no pleasure at hearing the new	ws. Instead he looked even gloomier.
C. The next morning she was glad and pro	ud that she had not yielded to a scare. For he was most strangely and obviously
better.	
D. I could tell you something about beautiful	ll women now, I could. And it wasn't all made up either.
25. Many English words refer to the historic	eal aspects of English culture, such as (
A. Reformation	B. Lynch
C. Cocktail	D. Scalp
26. It is often said that (	
A. English is a language with explicit gramm	nar.
B. Chinese is a language with implicit gram	mar.
C. English has more grammatical morpheme	es.
D. Chinese has more grammatical morphem	es.
27. If the person calling says, "May I speak	to Mr. James, please?" but you are not sure whether he is available, you may say
(	
A. Just a moment, Sir.	
B. Yes, just a second.	
C. Hold on a moment. I'll see if he's in.	
D. Hold the line. I'll find out if he's in his o	ffice.
28. Many technical terms in English are der	ived from Greco-Roman mythology, such as (
A. Ampere	B. Mercury
C. Jupiter	D. Formula
29. Nowadays, many native speakers of Eng	elish try to use words like to avoid sounding like a sexist. (
A. chairperson	B. mankind
C. humankind	D. gentleperson



30 are idioms in relation to le	ove and marriage. (
A. A male chauvinist	B. A nine day's wonder
C. To love at first sight	D. Mr./Miss Right
III. Each of the following statemen	ts has an underlined space. Fill in each underlined space with a proper expression.
(20%)	
31. "Crossing one's forefinger and m	iddle finger" signifies in English speaking countries.
32. In English, "sdylh" is not a possi	ble word and "green made he" is not an acceptable sentence. It proves that language is
·	
33. The English speaking people say	""" when they want to cause others' attention so as to start to talk with
them.	
34. The English idiom "To pull some	body's leg" corresponds to "" in Chinese.
35. A day specially looked forward t	o, or remembered, when something remarkable and usually pleasurable will happen, or
happened is referred to as "	<u>"</u>
36. In the United States, the black pe	cople are now often referred to as in which the color of their skin that
caused them troubles and sufferings i	s not mentioned.
37. It has been claimed that English to	exts develop, while Chinese ones develop in a spiral way.
38. The American English equivalent	for "metre" is
39. In English there are three major c	lasses of questions: yes-no questions, wh-questions and questions.
40. English falls into two largest reg	ional dialects:, spoken in the UK, Australia, New Zealand, West Indian
Isles, etc. and American English, spo	ken in North America.
IV. Translation (18%)	
41. Tell money after your own father	111
42. That young man is a bear at math	ematics.
43. You're expecting too much of hir	n. He is still green to his job.
44. 这是镇上出现的第三例艾滋病(	(AIDS) o
45. 要去的人请在这里签名。	
46. 玫瑰无论叫什么名字都是香的	0
V. Answer the following questions	briefly. (12%)
47. What are the properties of culture	?
48. How many categories does touch	fall into? And what are they?
49. Does "Good-bye" convey the sam	ne meaning as "再见"?
50. Is "you praised me too much" app	propriate if said as a reply to a praise like "your English is very good"? If it is not, what
would you say in the same situation?	



#### VI. Discuss the following topics. (20%)

- 51. Discuss the conceptual and cultural differences between English and Chinese kinship terms.
- 52. Is there simile or metaphor in the sentence "The girl looks like her mother."? Give reasons.