

the suggested time did not suit the minister, here were indirect indications that the time was not yet suitable. The American, however, pressed for an appointment, which was finally granted.

Arriving a little before the appointed hour (according to the American way of showing respect), the agriculturist waited. The hour came and passed: five minutes, ten minutes, and fifteen minutes. At this point he suggested to the secretary that perhaps the minister did not know he was waiting in the outside office. This gave him the feeling of having done something to solve the problem, but he had not. Twenty minutes passed, then thirty, then forty-five. To an American, there is little that can remove the damage done by an hour's wait in an outer office. Yet in the country where this story took place, a forty-five-minute waiting period was period was not unusual. Instead of being the very end of the allowable waiting scale, it was just the beginning, thus, when the American agriculturist left the office (after giving the secretary an angry message for the minister), his action seemed as unreasonable as it was impolite.

26. What does "to be prompt" mean in this passage?
- A. It means "to keep one's word" B. It means "to make good use of one's time"
- C. It means "to be punctual" D. It means "to keep good time"
27. The minister kept the American waiting because _____
- A. the minister didn't think it was wrong to keep people waiting
- B. the appointed time did not suit the minister
- C. the minister intended to insult the American
- D. the minister forgot the appointment time
28. When fifteen minutes had passed after the appointed time, the American _____
- A. told the secretary that he should not have been kept waiting
- B. urged that he was waiting for him
- C. suggested that the secretary go and tell the minister that he was waiting
- D. went about finding out whether the minister knew that he was waiting for him in the outer office
29. The American got angry after being kept waiting for nearly an hour for the appointed meeting because _____
- A. he felt disappointed B. he felt disrespected
- C. he felt embarrassed D. he felt frustrated
30. Who would think the American's action of leaving the office angrily to be unreasonable as it was impolite?



- A. People in the United States.
C. The author of the passage

- B. The reader of the passage
D. People in the minister's country

第二部分 非选择题 (共 60 分)

四、单词填空。(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据空格处所给单词的首字母, 将下面的短文补充完整。请将完整的单词写在答题卡上。

As you know, there are four kinds of pollution. They are (31) a _____ pollution, water pollution, (32) w _____ pollution and noise pollution. But what can we do to (33) s _____ the pollution? I think, firstly, we can make cars that don't pollute the (34) e _____. We can ask companies to use modern clean (35) t _____. In some big cities, we can limit the number of cars. Secondly, we can try to use less water and make sure that we do not (36) p _____ the water. We can tell factories that they are not allowed to (37) p _____ waste water into the lakes and rivers. Thirdly, we should not throw (38) r _____ in parks and cities. We can (39) p _____ up rubbish if we see it. We can put more rubbish bins in our parks and cities. Fourthly, we can live far from the noise and make the laws to (40) l _____ the noise.

五、短语翻译。(本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

将下列短语翻译成中文, 译文写在答题纸上相应的位置。

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 41. Chinese authorities | 46. carbon footprint |
| 42. double check | 47. package tour |
| 43. China Youth Travel Service | 48. baggage claim |
| 44. boarding pass | 49. Emergency Medical Center |
| 45. duty-free shop | 50. standard room |

六、补全对话。(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 3 分, 共 15 分)

根据上下文, 将下面的对话补充完整, 答案写在答题纸上相应的位置。

(The conversation is taking place at the customs declaration desk. A: Customs Officer; B: Tourist.)

A: Hello. Can I see your passport and visa, please?

B: Here you are.

A: (51) _____ ?

B: I have no idea what I need to declare.

A: Things like cigars, valuable electronic products, or a lot of cash.

B: So, does (52) _____?

A: Did you purchase it while you were here in China?

B: Yes.

A: If the total value of your camera exceeds 5000 RMB, it needs to be declared.

B: Oh, (53) _____ 5000 RMB.

A: Then, you need to fill out a declaration form and pay duty on this.

B: (54) _____ the declaration form?

A: It's on the counter behind you.

B: And (55) _____ do I need to tax my camera?

A: A total of 400 RMB plus V.A.T.

B: Here you are.

七、句子翻译。(本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 3 分, 共 15 分。)

将下列句子译成英文, 译文写在答题纸上相应的位置。

56. 观光者努力攀登这座山最陡的部分。

57. 这种建筑风格起源于古希腊。

58. 我们也应该推行在公共场所禁止吸烟的规定。

59. 犯罪和贫穷仍然存在于许多大城市。

60. 用退款或打折的办法来处理问题时要非常谨慎。