



18. I had no time the other day. Otherwise I \_\_\_\_\_ to visit you.  
 A. would have come                      B. would come  
 C. must have come                      D. came
19. These families had almost nothing to live \_\_\_\_\_, and they badly needed help.  
 A. at    B. with  
 C. on    D. in
20. It's not very far. It's only \_\_\_\_\_ walk from here.  
 A. five minutes                              B. five-minute  
 C. five minute's                              D. five minutes'

二、阅读理解：本大题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分。阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容从 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡（纸）上按要求填涂。

**Passage 1**

China could be banning cigarette ads after signing a UN anti-smoking treaty. That would certainly deal a heavy blow to the world's biggest tobacco market, according to a report published on Monday.

A ban on ads and promotions along with other anti-smoking measures could come if the National People's Congress ratifies(批准) the UN Framework Convention of Tobacco Control at its annual session next spring.

The central government says it "fully supports" the convention, and the Health Ministry is discussing how best to implement it with other government bodies.

The convention could provide some protection against cigarette smugglers(走私者) and counterfeiters, but it will hit the industry hard, said Zheng Fugang, secretary general of the China Tobacco Society, an industry group.

China's 350 million smokers—one-third of the world's total—spent 130 billion yuan on cigarettes in the first nine months of this year. The industry contributed 10 percent of the country's total tax revenues last year.

Alarmed by rising health costs, though, China has imposed some restrictions on smoking and cigarette advertising.

About two-thirds of Chinese men are estimated to smoke, but only about 5 percent of women.

The UN treaty requires restrictions on tobacco advertising and sponsorships, tougher health warnings that would cover much of a pack of cigarettes, limits on language like

"low-tar" and "light", and restrictions on public smoking. It would also encourage companies to raise tobacco prices and taxes.

China's UN ambassador, Wang Guangya, signed the convention in New York on November 10, making China the 77th country to sign the agreement, which was adopted by the UN in May.

21. After China signs the UN anti-smoking treaty, \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. many smokers will have to pay high taxes  
 B. cigarette smugglers will not be punished  
 C. many tobacco factories will probably go bankrupt  
 D. the number of women smokers will rise
22. Though the tax revenues from tobacco industry is very profitable, \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. the advertising cost is also high  
 B. the patients from smoking-related diseases are rising too  
 C. the UN has more say in the banning of smoking  
 D. the low-tar cigarettes are still difficult to sell
23. The word "implement" in paragraph 3 most probably means \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. carry on                                      B. carry with  
 C. take out                                      D. carry out
24. The convention was signed in \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. Beijing                                      B. headquarters of UN  
 C. New York State                              D. Health Ministry
25. What is the main idea of this passage?  
 A. Do away with cigarette ads.  
 B. The National People's Congress will ban smoking in this country.  
 C. China Tobacco Society fully supports the central government.  
 D. China has 350 million smokers—one-third of the world's total.

**Passage 2**

Only a few insects produce sound; many do not. And it might be said that those who do must play instruments because no insect has a voice.

Insect noises begin in early summer and usually last until the first frost of autumn. Sometimes they make a steady concert day and night. The females usually are quiet. It is the males who make all that noise. And each kind of insect has its own special way.

There are some insects that hum or buzz when their wings vibrate rapidly. Probably you have heard a bee as it hums over a flower, collecting nectar and pollen. The dry vibrating wings of the dragonfly have most likely been heard by everyone who has gone fishing in summer. And scarcely anyone has escaped the not-so-popular hum of mosquito wings on warm summer evenings. There are many other insects that make their music in this way.

Some beetles make ticking noises when they burrow into the wood of a tree in the forest or of the furniture in a house. It is said these ticking noises are caused when the insect strikes its head against the wood where it burrows and are used by the male to attract the female. Some white ants bang their heads against wood as a signal that danger is near. Soldier ants of this kind will also snap their jaws, making a sound that can be heard by the human ear. Other white ants in the colony do not hear these noises, but they can feel the vibrations from them.

One of the most advanced sound-making instruments is the one used by the cicada(蝉). His long, loud buzzing is done to attract a female. And he must not waste time, for when his buzzing is heard, he has only a week or two to live. The cicada makes his music by a kind of drumming. His drums vibrate when he tightens, then loosens the powerful muscles located inside the hollow back section of his body.

In ancient Greece, people thought that cicadas were divine. Many kept these colorful insects in cages to hear them sing, and they wrote poetry about them.

While the cicada drums, the grasshopper and some of his insect relatives fiddle. The simple sounds of the cricket are the first insect sounds to be heard in spring and the last to be heard in autumn. By the middle of summer the grasshoppers join in the chorus that lasts day and night. Again, it is the males that are equipped with the sound-making instruments, and that make a kind of rasping sound by rubbing their back legs against their front wings.

26. Only a few insects produce voice in the way that \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. they are playing instruments
- B. they are singing
- C. they use their heads and legs
- D. they wave their jaws

27. Some beetles make ticking noise when \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. they burrow into the wood of a tree and attract each other
- B. they strike their heads against the wood to attract each other
- C. they strike their heads against the wall of a house
- D. a male wants to win the heart of a female

28. Each kind of insect has its own special way of making noise. According to the passage, there are \_\_\_\_\_ ways.

- A. five
- B. three
- C. four
- D. six

29. \_\_\_\_\_ make sound as a signal to tell the danger.

- A. White ants
- B. Beetles
- C. Cicadas
- D. Bees

30. This passage mainly tells us something about the science of \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. zoology
- B. entomology
- C. biology
- D. psychology

## 第二部分 非选择题

三、标读音：本大题共 20 小题，每小题 0.5 分，共 10 分。用国际音标标出下列单词中划线字母或字母组合的读音，并将答案写在答题卡（纸）的相应位置。

注意：使用新式或老式音标均可。

- |                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 31. <u>far</u>   | 32. <u>what</u>   |
| 33. <u>fight</u> | 34. <u>phase</u>  |
| 35. <u>now</u>   | 36. <u>yellow</u> |
| 37. <u>meat</u>  | 38. <u>new</u>    |
| 39. <u>egg</u>   | 40. <u>mind</u>   |
| 41. <u>place</u> | 42. <u>work</u>   |
| 43. <u>seeds</u> | 44. <u>move</u>   |
| 45. <u>fur</u>   | 46. <u>tea</u>    |
| 47. <u>than</u>  | 48. <u>back</u>   |
| 49. <u>write</u> | 50. <u>coat</u>   |

四、完形填空：本大题共 20 小题，每小题 0.5 分，共 10 分。将答案写在答题卡（纸）的相应位置。

A. 从下列单词中选择适当的词填空，每个词只能用一次。

develop	same	likely	last
part	those	tell	whenever
influence	on	rich	not

Friends play a very important 51 in everyone's life. Friendship begins to 52 early in childhood. As you progress through school, new friends are made. Those friends that you make when you are a student usually 53 a long time. Friends 54 your development, your maturity(成熟) and your sense of responsibility. A familiar expression is "You can 55 a lot about a person by knowing who his friends are." Friendship is often based 56 common interests. If you like sports, most of your friends are 57 to be athletic. If you enjoy reading and shopping, most of your friends like to do the 58.

True friends are 59 you can talk to about any subject or problem. They are most valuable, but difficult to find. You can consider yourself very lucky if you have one true friend. This friend is ready to help you 60 necessary, knowing that you would do the same for him or her.

B. 根据课文的内容在每个空白处填入一个恰当的词。

From then 61, I was committed to shedding the weight and getting into shape. I started a rigorous 62 of running and dieting the very next day. Within 63, I joined a gym and managed to make some 64 who are still my workout buddies. However, in the past seven years, I've done more than lose weight: I've reshaped my attitude, my 65, and my self-image. Now, I read everything I can about nutrition and health. I'm even considering becoming an aerobics instructor. I 66 low-fat foods—chicken, fish, lean meats, vegetables ---and I serve my family healthy, protein-rich meals prepared with dietetic ingredients. The children and I often walk to school, ride 67, roller-blade, and run. Health and 68 have become essential to our household and our lives. But what's really wonderful is that, sometime 69 that important day in 1988 and today, my self-image stopped being about how I look and began being about how I feel. I feel energetic, healthy, confident, 70, and pretty. Ironically, the abuse I endured in the parking lot has helped me regain my self-esteem, not just my figure. My body looks good, but my mind feels great!

五、根据所学课文内容完成句子：本大题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分。将答案写在答题卡（纸）的相应位置。

71. In "How Dictionaries Are Made," the first step in making a dictionary begins with \_\_\_\_\_.
72. In "Hans Christian Andersen's Own Fairy Tale ( I )," the famous fairy tale *The Little Match Girl* is based on \_\_\_\_\_.
73. In "Hans Christian Andersen's Own Fairy Tale ( II )," the people Andersen laughs at in *The Emperor's New Clothes* are \_\_\_\_\_.

74. According to "The Joker ( I )," we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.
75. In "Hobbyist," when Sangstrom asked the druggist to give him the poison, \_\_\_\_\_.
76. In "In the Laboratory," the first assignment the professor asked Scudder to do was \_\_\_\_\_.
77. In "The Trashman," according to Dr. Coleman and Steve, most people treated the garbage collectors \_\_\_\_\_.
78. In "The Day I Was Fat," one summer afternoon, on the way to the pool, the author got into an argument with \_\_\_\_\_.
79. According to "The Great Idea of Mr. Budd ( I )," the reason why the man wanted to have his hair dyed and his beard shaved was that \_\_\_\_\_.
80. In "The Great Idea of Mr. Budd ( II )," Mr Budd wanted to see "somebody very important", \_\_\_\_\_.

六、中译英：本大题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分。将下列句子译成英文，并将答案写在答题卡（纸）的相应位置。

81. 昨天我遇到了好几年都没有见面的一个朋友。
82. 他挣扎着站起身，一句话也没说就走了。
83. 当我们听到这个消息后，不禁为他担心起来。
84. 他努力把愤怒压了下去，从而避免了一场打斗。
85. 他确信已记熟了每个单词后才去参加考试。
86. 我们应该把分歧放在一边，为共同的目标而努力。
87. 打那以后，他在许多方面都给了我很大的帮助。
88. 我们正在屋里开会的时候一个陌生人闯了进来。
89. 她尽可能清楚明了地向孩子们解释这项体育运动的规则。
90. 这台机器用来把有毛病的寻呼机与没毛病的分开。