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2019年4月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

高级英语

(课程代码 00600)

注意事项:

- 1. 本试卷分为两部分,第一部分为选择题,第二部分为非选择题。
- 2. 应考者必须按试题顺序在答题卡(纸)指定位置上作答,答在试卷上无效。
- 3. 涂写部分、画图部分必须使用 2B 铅笔,书写部分必须使用黑色字迹签字笔。
- 4. 全部题目用英文作答(翻译题除外)。

第一部分 选择题

I. Each of the following sentences is given	four choices of words or expressions. Choose					
the right one to complete the sentence and mark the corresponding letter on your						
Answer Sheet. (15 points, 1 point for each)						
1. I find it hard to that women we	re treated so unfairly a hundred years ago.					
A. conceive	B. detect					
C. remember	D. propose					
2. The number of staff we can take on will be by how much money we're						
allowed to spend.						
A. suggested	B. controlled					
C. determined	D. navigated					
3. Dad will be angry if you him w	hile he is reading.					
A. dislike	B. disturb					
C. disappoint	D. dissatisfy					
4. She is the brightest star of British	ish ballet.					
A. normally	B. upsettingly					
C. undoubtedly	D. unnecessarily					
5. The endless public appearances are an	inevitable part of an election					
A. activity	B. campaign					
C. crusade	D. movement					
6. Some pessimists hold that true independent advice is						
A. reliable	B. unavoidable					
C. reasonable	D. unattainable					

高级英语试题第1页(共8页)

7. He suggested a card game to relieve	ve the of the journey.					
A. monopoly	B. monologue					
C. monotony	D. monograph					
8. One of the many of foreig	3. One of the many of foreign travel is learning how to cope with the					
unexpected.						
A. outlooks	B. benefits					
C. experiences	D. attitudes					
9. It's a minor earthquake. There we	re no injuries and the damage to the building					
was						
A. minimal	B. lasting					
C. accidental	D. disastrous					
10. Some people in the West are spilling salt on the table.						
A. excited about	B. cautious of					
C. superstitious about	D. conscious of					
11. Turkey is expecting an of s	everal thousand refugees over the next few					
days.						
A. influx	B. import					
C. output	D. overview					
12. He wrote to me last week regard	ling a business he thought might					
interest me.						
A. implication	B. indication					
C. proposition	D. explanation					
13. The Civil Rights Act was needed	to some ethnic groups.					
A. induce	B. enlarge					
C. seduce	D. empower					
14. In the end she left home just to es	cape the rule of her mother.					
A. political	B. tyrannical					
C. social	D. official					
15. The number-one principle for be	eing a good colleague is to your					
emotions from the working relation	onship.					
A. prevent	B. save					
C. extricate	D. disengage					

高级英语试题第2页(共8页)

Read the following passage carefully and complete the succeeding three items II, III, IV.

- (1) Fifty years ago, baby boomers and their parents suffered through what was ubiquitously understood as "the generation gap", or the inability for different generations to speak clearly with one another.
- (2) A new national poll of Americans between the ages of 18 and 29—the millennial generation—provides strong evidence of a new generation gap, this time with the boomers (born between 1946 and 1964) playing the role of uncomprehending parents. When Millennials say they are *liberal*, it means something very different than it did when Barack Obama was coming of age. When Millennials say they are *socialists*, they're not participating in *ostalgie* for the old German Democratic Republic. And their strong belief in economic *fairness* shouldn't be confused with the attitudes of the Occupy movement.
- (3) The poll of Millennials was conducted by the Reason Foundation and the Rupe Foundation earlier this spring. It engaged nearly 2400 representative 18 to 29 year olds on a wide variety of topics.
- (4) This new generation gap certainly helps to explain why Millennials are far less partisan than folks 30 and older. Just 22% of Millennials identify as Republican or Republican-leaning, compared with 40% of older voters. After splitting their votes for George E. Bush and Al Gore in 2000 (each candidate got about 48%), Millennials have voted overwhelmingly for Democratic candidates in the 2004, 2008, and 2012 elections. Forty-three percent of Millennials call themselves Democrats or leaning that way. Yet that's still a smaller percentage than it is for older Americans, 49% of whom are Democrats or lean Democrats. Most strikingly. 34% of Millennials call themselves true independents, meaning they don't lean toward either party. For older Americans, it's just 10%.
- (5) Millennials use language differently than Boomers and Gen Xers (born between 1965 and 1980). In the Reason-Rupe poll, about 62% of Millennials call themselves *liberal*. By that, they mean they favor gay marriage and pot legalization, but those views hold little or no implication for their views on government spending. To Millennials being socially liberal is being *liberal* period. For most older Americans, calling yourself a liberal means you want to increase the size, scope, and spending of the government (it may not even mean you support legal pot and marriage equality). Despite the strong liberal tilt among Millennials, 53% say they would support a candidate who was socially liberal and fiscally conservative (are you listening, major parties?).

高级英语试题第3页(共8页)

- (6) There are other areas where language doesn't track neatly with Boomer and Gen X definitions. Millennials have no first-hand memories of the Soviet Union or the Cold War. Forty-two percent say they prefer socialism as a means of organizing society but only 16% can define the term properly as government ownership of the means of production. In fact, when asked whether they want an economy managed by the free market or by the government, 64% want the former and just 32% want the latter. Scratch a Millennial "socialist" and you are likely to find a budding entrepreneur (55% saying they want to start their own business someday). Although they support a government-provided social safety net, two-thirds of Millennials agree that "government is usually inefficient and wasteful" and they are highly skeptical toward government with regards to privacy and nanny-state regulations about e-cigarettes, soda sizes, and the like.
- (7) For all the attention lavished on the youthful, anti-capitalist Occupy movement a few years ago, it turns out that Millennials have strongly positive attitudes toward free markets (just don't call it *capitalism*). Not surprisingly, they define *fairness* in a way that is less about income **disparity** and more about getting your due. Almost six in ten believe you can get ahead with hard work and a similar number wants a society in which wealth is parceled out according to your achievement. not via the tax code or government redistribution of income. Even though 70% favor guaranteed health care, housing, and income, Millennials have no problem with unequal outcomes.
- (8) Like most older Americans, too, Millennials are deeply worried about massive and growing federal budgets and debt, with 78% calling such things a major problem.
- (9) It would be a real shame if we can't have the sorts of conversations we need to address and remedy such issues because different generations are talking past each other. Millennials are different than Boomers or Gen Xers: Culture comes first and politics second to them. They are less partisan and they are less hung up about things such as pot use, gay marriage, and immigration. But in many ways, they agree with older generations when it comes to the value and **legitimacy** of work, the role of government in helping the poor, and the inefficiency of government to do that.

高级英语试题第4页(共8页)

Medicare are going bust an The best solutions will en Reason-Rupe poll points to each other and others whe	d the economy has been on life support for years. Ingage and involve Americans of all ages. The o some places where generations are talking past are there is wide agreement. Giving its finding a narrow today's generation gap so we can get on ons' prospects.				
II. In this section, there are ten	incomplete statements or questions, followed by four				
choices marked A, B, C and I	O. Choose the best answer and mark the corresponding				
letter on your Answer Sheet. (20 points, 2 points for each)				
16. A boomer can be a person w	ho was born				
A. in 1956	B. in 1976				
C. in 1986	D. in 1996				
17. In Paragraph 2, the word "uncomprehending" means					
A. lacking support	B. lacking understanding				
C. showing contempt	D. showing indifference				
18. We can learn from Paragrap	oh 4 that				
A. a larger percentage of M	fillennials are Democratic-leaning				
B. a smaller percentage of	older Americans are Democratic-leaning				
C. the percentage of partisa	in Millennials is larger than that of older Americans				
D. there is a larger percentage	age of Millennials as Democrats than that of older				
Americans					
19. When Millennials call them	nselves liberal, they mean that				
A. they want to increase th	e size and scope of the government				
B. they uphold the legaliza	B. they uphold the legalization of gay marriage and marijuana				
C. they want to urge the go	vernment to reduce its spending				
D. they would not support	a candidate who is conservative				
20. When you look into Millenn	ial "socialists" more deeply you will find that				
A. many of them are actual	lly against capitalism				
B. many of them want to s	tart their own business in the future				
C. most of them favor a go	vernment intervention in the economy				
D. most of them believe in	the government's efficiency in market management				
21. In Paragraph 7, the word "c	lisparity" means				
A. redistribution	B. demotion				
C. impartiality	D. difference				
高级	英语试题第5页(共8页)				

22.	Unlike Baby Boomers and Gen Xers	··				
	A. Millennials believe that culture is more important than politics					
	B. Millennials usually take a dim view of gay marriage and immigration					
	C. Millennials feel ashamed that they can't have conversations with the					
	government					
	D. Millennials think that the govern	ment is highly successful in helping the				
	poor					
23.	23. In Paragraph 9, the word "legitimacy" means					
	A. lawfulness	B. identity				
	C. effectiveness	D. possibility				
24. We can learn from Paragraph 10 that Boomers, Gen Xers and Millenni						
	agree that in recent years the American economy					
	A. has been on the increase	B. has barely sustained itself				
	C. has become more prosperous	D. has recovered from the recession				
25.	25. The author's attitude toward Millennials is					
	A. casual	B. negative				
	C. pessimistic	D. objective				
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第二部分 非选择题

- III. Translate the following sentences into Chinese and write the translation on your Answer Sheet. (10 points, 2 points for each)
- 26. Most strikingly, 34% of Millennials call themselves true independents, meaning they don't lean toward either party. For older Americans, it's just 10%.
- 27. To Millennials, being socially liberal is being *liberal*, period. For most older Americans, calling yourself a liberal means you want to increase the size, scope, and spending of the government.
- 28. In fact, when asked whether they want an economy managed by the free market or by the government, 64% want the former and just 32% want the latter.
- 29. Almost six in ten believe you can get ahead with hard work and a similar number wants a society in which wealth is parceled out according to your achievement, not via the tax code or government redistribution of income.
- 30. Giving its finding a close read might just help narrow today's generation gap so we can get on with improving all generations' prospects.

高级英语试题第6页(共8页)

- IV. Answer the following essay question in English within 80-100 words. Write your answer on your Answer Sheet. (10 points)
- 31. In what sense are young people important to their country?
- V. The following paragraphs are taken from the textbooks, followed by a list of words or expressions marked A to Y. Choose the one that best completes each of the sentences and write the corresponding letter on your Answer Sheet. One word or expression for each blank only. (25 points, 1 point for each)

"It was the best of times and the worst of times..." Her voice __32_ in and curved down through and __33_ the words. She was nearly singing. I wanted to look at the pages. Were they the same that I had read? Or were there notes, music, lined on the pages, as in a __34_ book? Her sounds began __35_ gently. I knew from listening to a thousand preachers that she was nearing the end of her reading, and I hadn't really heard, heard to understand, a __36_ word.

Watching the float so intently made him sleepy: he had been with Doreen <u>37</u> two the night before. They spoke of getting married in three months, by which time, Arthur said, they would have collected a good <u>38</u> of money, nearly a hundred and fifty pounds, not counting income-tax rebate, which will probably <u>39</u> it up to a couple of hundred. So they would be sitting pretty, Doreen replied, because Mrs. Creatton had already <u>40</u> to let them stay with her for as long as they like, <u>41</u> half the rent.

Work therefore is __42__, first and foremost, as a preventive of boredom, for the boredom that a man feels when he is doing necessary though __43__ work is as nothing in __44__ with the boredom that he feels when he has nothing to do with his days. __45__ this advantage of work another is associated, __46__ that it makes holidays much more delicious when they come.

On the edge of a small cape that marked the side of the bay away from the promontory was a loose __47__ of rocks. Above them, some boys were __48__ off their clothes. They came running, naked, down to the rocks. The English boy swam __49__ them, and kept his distance at a stone's __50__. They were of that coast, all of them burned smooth __51__ brown, and speaking a language he did not understand. To be with them, of them, was a craving that filled his whole body.

高级英语试题第7页(共8页)

I don't know what the European figures are. Much smaller __52_. Europe is poor, and a face can cost as much in __53__ as a Rolls-Royce. The most that the __54__ of European women can do is just to wash and hope for the best. Perhaps the soap will produce its loudly advertised __55_; perhaps it will transform them into the likeness of those __56__ creatures who smile so rosily and creamily, so peachily and pearlily, from every hoarding.

A. desirable	B. majority	C. until	D. scatter	E. over
F. stripping	G. amount	H. cascading	I. undoubtedly	J. uninteresting
K. slid	L. namely	M. effects	N. bump	O. dark
P. comparison	Q. ravishing	R. single	S. throw	T. offered
U. paying	V. towards	W. upkeep	X. With	Y. hymn

- VI. Translate the following sentences into English and write the translation on your Answer Sheet. (20 points, 2 points each for 57-60, 4 points for 61, 8 points for 62)
- 57. 我们突然间明白了,在我们所居住的犹如一艘小小的宇宙飞船的星球上, 乘客数目大约每四十年翻一番。
- 58. 连锁杂货店将独立商店挤了出去,标准化成为降低成本的主要手段。
- 59. 我之所以给出所有这些背景资料,是因为我认为如果一个人不了解某个作家的早期发展,他就无法对这个作家的创作动机进行评估。
- 60. 无论你可能得到多少, 你总是想得到更多; 满足是一个你永远无法实现的梦想。
- 61. 吸引并保持你的注意力是大部分电视节目策划的首要动机,它加强了电视作为有利可图的广告媒体的作用。节目策划人活在持续的恐惧中,担心失去任何一位观众的注意力。
- 62. 年龄稍大一些的工作女性的收入水平普遍低于男性。她们很多人只有在孩子长大后才在外面工作,所以只能从事非技术性的、低收入的工作。 其他工作了一辈子的女性通常只能拿到低工资,以及相应较低的社会保障金和个人退休金。

高级英语试题第8页(共8页)