绝密★启用前

2021年4月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

语言与文化

(课程代码 00838)

注意事项:

- 1. 本试卷分为两部分,第一部分为选择题,第二部分为非选择题。
- 2. 应考者必须按试题顺序在答题卡(纸)指定位置上作答,答在试卷上无效。
- 3. 涂写部分、画图部分必须使用 2B 铅笔,书写部分必须使用黑色字迹签字笔。

第一部分 选择题

I.	Ŭ .	atements is followed by four alternatives. Read atives carefully and decide which of the founent. (20%)			
1.	"Large C culture" refers to culture in its sense.				
	A. narrow	B. broad			
	C. historical	D. national			
2.	Communication among people from	different cultural backgrounds is called	_		
	communication.				
	A. verbal	B. local			
	C. intercultural	D. international			
3.	The chief Christian feast, which celebra	ttes the Resurrection of Christ, is			
	A. Easter	B. Boxing Day			
	C. Thanksgiving Day	D. Christmas			
4.	"Statesman" and "politician" are mainly	distinguished by their meaning.			
	A. conceptual	B. stylistic			
	C. reflected	D. connotative			
5.	In any language, linguistic units are rela	ated in ways.			
	A. meaningful	B. careful			
	C. deductive	D. inductive			

语言与文化试题 第 1 页 (共 6 页)

6.	English verbs may vary their forms to inc	licate the subjunctive mood which falls into			
	two categories. One is called the present subjunctive and the other the subjunctive.				
	A. formulaic	B. mandative			
	C. past	D. perfective			
7.	"Good night" is usually used as an expression	on of			
	A. farewell	B. greeting			
	C. congratulation	D. inquiring			
8.	It is quite common for a male English spe	eaker to females on their good looks,			
	while it is almost a taboo in Chinese culture.				
	A. criticize	B. ignore			
	C. judge	D. compliment			
9.	As defined in dictionary, are implied	or indirect references.			
	A. idioms	B. allusions			
	C. phrases	D. proverbs			
10.	If you refuse to do something, no matter how	w great the reward and compensation may be,			
	you'll say "".				
	A. No man is an island	B. Just what the doctor ordered			
	C. Not for all the tea in China	D. Not to bat an eyelid			
11.	The metaphorical expression "Now there is	a theory you can really sink your teeth into"			
	indicates that ideas are				
	A. people	B. food			
	C. plants	D. products			
12.	Which of the following metaphorical express	sions indicates that love is a patient?			
	A. This is a sick relationship.				
	B. She drives me out of my mind.				
	C. He is known for his many rapid conques	ts.			
	D. There is incredible energy in their relation	onship.			
13.	13. When "不敢当" is used to respond to "You're one of the top scholars in the field", it might				
	be translated as "".				
	A. Not really				
	B. I'll be glad to				
	C. You praised me too much				
	D. I'm honoured, but I'm not sure I'm the r	ight person			

语言与文化试题 第 2 页 (共 6 页)

14. Which of the following	questions is NOT considered ta	aboo in English culture?	22	2. Among the following	words or expression	ns, "" refers to ged	oranhy related features	
A. May I know your ag		ou go to church?		in English.	s words or empression	101010 10 500	ography rotated toutares	
C. What is your nation		you married or single?		A. the Thames		B. kangaroo		
15. The logical relationship	between the following sentence			C. The May Flower	•	D. queen		
e.g. For the whole day h	e.g. For the whole day he climbed up the steep mountainside, almost without stopping.			•		1.	v agga with the aid of	
Then, as dusk fell, h			2.		ii ioiiii to represent	different, in man	ny cases, with the aid of	
A. temporal	B. adver	rsative		auxiliary verbs.		D. Assess		
C. causal	D. additi	tive		6				
16. Which of the following	ohrases can be used to show add	ditive relations?		C. aspects		D. actions		
A. either way	B. in oth	her words	24	In English culture, th				
C. in a moment	D. so far	r X III S.		A. a group to an inc		•		
17. Advertising is the	. Advertising is the communication usually paid for and usually persuasive in nature			C. a man to a woma		C		
about products, service of	about products, service or ideas by identified sponsors through different media.			. The English idiom "t	o hold one's head hig	gh" is equivalent to "	" in Chinese.	
A. interpersonal	B. nonpe	ersonal		A. 昂首挺胸		B. 趾高气扬		
C. two-way	D. interc	cultural		C. 鹤立鸡群		D. 充满自信		
18. A distinctive feature of	. A distinctive feature of English brand names is that many of them sound exotic, being		26	26. Which of the following examples show that the same qualities may be asso				
words borrowed from of	words borrowed from other cultures, such as "".			different things in En				
A. Kent	B. Rolex	x .		A. That young man	is a bear at mathema	itics.		
C. Chanel	D. Salem	n				hat a thunderstorm was		
19. Facial expressions, post	Facial expressions, postures, and other behaviors that provide information about the			C. All the men in ou	ır family have been a	as bald as coots by the tir	ne they reached forty.	
emotional states or mood	ls of a person are			D. Look at your han	ds, boy, they're as bl	lack as coal — you can	't come to the table like	
A. illustrators	B. regula	ators		that.				
C. physical emblems	D. affect	t displays	27	. In English, one can u	se euphemisms like '	'" to substitute "di	e" or "death".	
20. The distance used by col	leagues who discuss academic t	topics belongs to the zone.		A. depart		B. fall		
A. intimate	B. casual	l-personal		C. go east		D. be with God		
C. socio-consultative	D. public	c	28	. Which of the following				
~ ~ ~			20	A. I think he is right	-	potactic relations:		
	-	wed by four alternatives. Read		_				
	each statement and the four alternatives carefully and decide which alternatives can complete the statement. There is more than one correct answer to each question.			B. He bought tea, coffee, eggs, milk, etc.C. The man ran away when he saw the dog.				
(10%)								
21. Which of the following a	re the properties of language?		••	D. Bread and butter				
A. Language is uniquely	A. Language is uniquely unhuman.B. Language is symbolic for its arbitrariness.			The phonetic differen	ce between America	an English and British E	English can be found in	
B. Language is symboli								
C. Language is used for	communication.			A. this		B. class		
D. Language is used to	understand and describe the wor	orld.		C. hero		D. begin		

语言与文化试题 第 3 页 (共 6 页)

语言与文化试题 第 4 页 (共 6 页)

30.	Eye behaviors have qualities of				
	A. saliency B.	repetition			
	C. arousal D.	involvement			
	第二部分 非货	选择题			
m.	I. Fill in each underlined space with a proper exp	ression. (20%)			
31.	Language is vocal. This statement means that is the primary medium of				
	language, while writing is secondary.				
32.	. The drink of spirits mixed with others or with various flavorings is called				
33.	. It is often said that English is a language with explicit grammar and Chinese a language				
	with grammar.				
34.	34. For Chinese learners of English, it is important to note that many casual				
	Chinese cannot be carried over into English ar	nd used as greetings when they meet			
	English speakers.				
35.	. The English idiom for something that is inc	offensive but feeble or colorless is			
	·				
36.	. As one of the commonest figures of speech,	As one of the commonest figures of speech, is used in the sentence "His words			
	stabbed at her heart".				
37.	. In order to avoid sexism, "" is used to refe	er to a male or female who presides a			
	meeting instead of chairman.				
38.	. Only those collections of sentences that consist of sentences in certain ways can				
	be regarded as text.				
39.	. The translation equivalent of "运动鞋" is "gym shoes" in British English and				
	"" in American English.				
40.	. Nonverbal communication is anything someone	does to which someone else assigns			
IV.	. Answer the following questions briefly. (12%)				
41.	List three properties of culture.				
42.	What is thematic meaning?				
43.	3. How did the regional dialects like American English or Australian English come into				
	being?				
44.	What basic categories can human territories be classified into?				

语言与文化试题 第 5 页 (共 6 页)

- V. Translation. (18%)
- 45. green-eyed
- 46. May I have your name, please? (Note: Translate it into Chinese honorifics.)
- 47. keep one's nose clean
- 48. 了如指掌
- 49. 金无足赤, 人无完人。
- 50. ——他没告诉你该干什么吗? ——对,没有。

VI. Discuss the following topics. (20%)

- 51. Compare the following pairs of sentences, find out the contrast of word order between English and Chinese and offer a possible cultural explanation.
 - (1) The young man who is sitting between Mary and John is the editor of our campus newspaper.
 - (2) 坐在玛丽和约翰之间的年轻人是校报的编辑。
- 52. Discuss the associative meanings of "red" and "红" by analyzing the following examples: "红喜事", "a red letter day", "red tape", "waving a red flag".

语言与文化试题 第 6 页 (共 6 页)